netstat command (Network statistics)



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Description

The "netstat" command allows to monitor network connections, network packets statistic for each protocol, to display routing tables and statistics for network interfaces.

Syntax:

```
net -r print routing table
net -i [clear] print interface table
net -s print IP statistics
\verb"net -s{rut}" print protocol statistics (raw,udp,tcp)
```

Parameters

Parameters	Description					
-r	Displays the content of the system routing tables.					
	Flags for specific routes have the following meaning:					
	• "U" – this routing table element is currently active.					
	• "H" – this route leads to a host. If this flag is not set, the route goes to a network.					
	• "D" – this route has been created using the "icmp redirect" protocol.					
	• "M" – this route has been modified using the "icmp redirect" protocol.					
	• "G" – this route is connected to a host. If this flag is not set, it is considered that the route destination is directly connected.					
	• "S" – it's a static route, set by the operator using a "route add" command.					
	• "1" – a pseudostatic route, set as a result of a "rip static" command.					
	 "L" – a route points to a directly connected host (for such a route an APR request may be performed). "C" – when using this route, more specific routes may be created (e.g. using the "L" flag). 					
	- C – when using this route, more specific routes may be created (e.g. using the 1 mag).					
-i [clear]	Displays an information about each network interface in the system.					
	• "clear" – resets a statistic of inbound / outbound packets and errors.					
-s{rut}	Displays statistics for IP and ICMP packets.					
	• "r" – if added, statistic of RAW protocol packets is displayed.					
	"u" – statistic of UDP protocol packets is displayed.					
	• "t" – statistic of TCP protocol packets is displayed.					
	statistic of tel protocol packets is displayed.					

Examples

Display the content of the system routing tables using the "-r" parameter.

	a .	-1	- C		- · ·
Destination	Gateway	Flags	Refs	Use	Interface
default	192.168.103.1	UGS	1	47	svi1
10.10.10.0/24	link#2	UC	0	0	eth0
127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UH	2	26	100
192.168.103.0/24	link#6	UC	0	0	svi1
192.168.103.1	6c:3b:e5:51:e3:8d	UHL	1	0	svi1
192.168.103.20	bc:ee:7b:8d:32:65	UHL	0	1743	svi1
192.168.103.243	08:00:27:54:47:bf	UHL	1	17257	svi1
224.0.0.0/8	127.0.0.1	UGS	0	0	100

Reset the statistic of packets and display the information about network interfaces using the "netstat -i [clear]" command.

Name	Network	Address	Ipkts	Ierrs	Opkts	0errs
100	Link:		0	0	0	0
100	127.0.0.1/32	127.0.0.1				
eth0	Link:	00043503f7dd	0	0	0	0
eth0	10.10.10.0/24	10.10.10.14				
eth1	Link:	00043513f7dd	0	0	0	0
eth1	none	none				
rf5.0	Link:	00043523f7dd	0	0	0	0
rf5.0	none	none				
nul10*	Link:		0	0	0	0
svi1	Link:	02043503f7dd	0	0	0	0
svi1	192.168.103.0/24	192.168.103.37				

Use the "-s" parameter to display packet statistic.

```
IP statistic:
ips_total
                     8584161 (total packets received)
ips_badsum
                            0 (checksum bad)
ips_tooshort
                            0 (packet too short)
                           0 (not enough data)
ips toosmall
ips_badhlen
                           0 (ip header length < data size)
                           0 (ip length < ip header length)
0 (fragments received)</pre>
ips_badlen
ips_fragments
ips_fragdropped
                          0 (frags dropped (dups, ipstat. out of space))
ips_fragtimeout
                          0 (fragments timed out)
ips_forward
                            0 (packets forwarded)
ips_cantforward 2496172 (packets rovd for unreachable dest)
{\tt ips\_redirectsent} \qquad \qquad {\tt 0} \ ({\tt packets} \ {\tt forwarded} \ {\tt on} \ {\tt same} \ {\tt net})
                            0 (unknown or unsupported protocol)
ips_noproto
                   0 (unknown or unsupported protocol)
6087989 (datagrams delivered to upper level
ips_delivered
                     335787 (total ip packets generated here)
ips_localout
ips_odropped
                           0 (lost packets due to nobufs, ipstat. etc.)
ips_reassembled
                           0 (total packets reassembled ok)
0 (datagrams successfully fragmented)
ips_fragmented
ips_ofragments
                          0 (output fragments created)
ips_cantfrag
                          0 (don't fragment flag was set,ipstat. etc.)
                          0 (error in option processing)
0 (packets discarded due to no route)
ips_badoptions
ips_noroute
                           0 (ip version != 4)
ips_badvers
                     17401 (total raw ip packets generated)
ips_rawout
ips_badfrags
                         0 (malformed fragments (bad length))
ips_rcvmemdrop
                            0 (frags dropped for lack of memory)
ips_toolong
                           0 (ip length > max ip packet size)
ICMP Staticstic:
                          0 ( # of calls to icmp_error )
icps error
icps_oldshort
                          0 ( no error 'cuz old ip too short )
                          0 ( no error 'cuz old was icmp )
0 ( icmp_code out of range )
0 ( packet < ICMP_MINLEN )
icps_oldicmp
icps_badcode
icps_tooshort
icps_checksum
                          0 ( bad checksum )
icps_badlen
                           0 ( calculated bound mismatch )
icps_reflect
                            0 ( number of responses )
icps_bmcastecho
                          0 ( rejected broadcast icmps )
```

Display statistic of UDP protocol packets using the "netstat -su" command.

```
UDP statistic:
udps_ipackets
                   5878277
udps_opackets
                   11019
udps hdrops
                         0
udps_badsum
udps_badlen
                         0
udps_noport
                         0
udps_fullsock
                         0
udps_pcbhashmiss
                     17511
0.0.0.0:0 snmp
0.0.0.0:161 snmp
0.0.0.0:22534 trap
```