

# Radio

Successfully pass the free certification exam at IW Academy and become an Infinet Certified Engineer.

[To the certification exam](#)

- Radio Settings
- Frequency Channel Grid

## Radio Settings

General

Node Type: 

master

Link ID: 

0

Traffic Prioritization: ☐

Security Key:

Radio Frontend

Maximal Transmit Power (dBm): 

5

Instant DFS: ☐

Frequency Change Timeout (s): 

300

Automatic Frequency Selection: ☐

DL Center Frequency (MHz): 

5330

UL Center Frequency (MHz): 

5330

Air Frame

Channel Width (MHz): 

40

Frame Period (ms): 

5

Downlink Quota (%): 

Auto

Short Cyclic Prefix: ☒

Max Distance (km): 

1

TDD Synchronization: 

freerun

Control Block Boost: ☐

Automatic Modulation and Transmit Power Control

AMC Strategy: 

normal

Maximal MCS: 

QAM256 30/32

Automatic Transmit Power Control: ☒

Target RSSI (dBm): 

-45

## Frequency Channel Grids

Channel Width	Customer Channel Grids	Default Channel Grids
10 MHz	<div>4900-6000/10</div>	<div>4900-6000/10</div>
20 MHz	<div>4900-6000/20</div>	<div>4900-6000/20</div>
40 MHz	<div>4910-5990/20</div>	<div>4910-5990/20</div>

This option will be exported to the other side of the link

The unit will be rebooted for this option to take effect

Apply

☒ Export settings marked to the other unit

Figure - Radio


The radio page is divided in two sections:



- "Radio Settings" - allows you to configure general radio parameters and features:
  - General
  - Air Frame
  - Radio Frontend
  - Automatic Modulation and Transmit Power Control
- "Frequency Channel Grids" - specifies the default and custom frequency domains for each bandwidth (10, 20, 40 MHz).

## Radio Settings

The following radio parameters can be configured under the "Radio Settings" section:

Radio parameter	Description
General	

<b>Node Type</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set the node type to Master or Slave</li> <li>In the point-to-point link, one unit must be set to Master and the other one to Slave</li> </ul>
<b>Link ID</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use this parameter to avoid connecting a unit to a wrong peer if there are several co-located units using the same center frequency</li> <li>Specify different ID values for different link. Both ends of the same link must have the same ID. The value range is 0...15 in increments of 1</li> </ul>
<b>Traffic Prioritization</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable/disable prioritization strategy. Unit will recognize the 802.1p tags in Ethernet frame headers. Based on these tags priorities will be automatically assigned to the frames when they are sent over the radio interface. After transmission over radio interface frames with tags are sent to Ethernet. Priorities may be adjusted manually (<a href="#">Configuring per-VLAN 802.1p priority</a>).</li> </ul> <div>  <b>NOTE</b>        If "VLAN-based Switching" is enabled and prioritization is configured for "Default VLAN", tags priorities will be automatically assigned to the frames when they are sent over the radio interface. In this case port modes must differ from "Untagged" and "Off".     </div>
<b>Security Key</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Set the secret key word for encoding of the protocol messages           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It must be up to 64 characters long, without spaces</li> <li>It must be the same at both ends of the link</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Air Frame</b>	
<b>Channel Width (MHz)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the channel width (in MHz). The possible values are: 10, 20 or 40 MHz</li> </ul>
<b>Frame period (ms)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to set the air frame period duration (in ms). The value range is 2, 4, 5 or 10 ms           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A shorter frame period gives lower latency, but also has higher overheads</li> <li>Using longer frame periods cuts down overheads, but increases the latency</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Downlink Quota (%)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Actual downlink/uplink ratio values through specifying the downlink subframe period relative to the whole frame</li> <li>Downlink Quota available values depend from:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Channel width</li> <li>Short Cyclic prefix</li> <li>Frame period</li> <li>Max Distance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Short Cyclic Prefix</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable/disable short cyclic prefix option</li> <li>Cyclic prefix is used to mitigate inter-symbol interference due to multipath propagation environment</li> <li>Cyclic prefix size is always 1/8 for 10 MHz channel width</li> </ul>
<b>Max Distance (km)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to specify the maximum link distance (in kilometers). The possible values: from 1 to 100 in increments of 1 km</li> <li>The specified value must not be lower than the actual link distance, but it is recommended keep it as close as possible to the actual distance to avoid unnecessary overheads</li> <li>The recommended strategy is to set this parameter well above the actual distance after the units have been deployed based on the measured distance value taken from "xginfo stat" output</li> </ul>

<b>TDD Synchronization</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the TDD synchronization source:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"freerun" - the "slave" unit synchronization is performed with the built-in GPS/GLONASS receiver of the "master" unit</li> <li>"gnss" - synchronization from built-in GPS/GLONASS receiver</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <div data-bbox="279 360 1457 577">  <b>NOTE</b>            To ensure two Masters synchronization from the synchronization source:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The first Master must be set to "freerun" mode. The second Master must be set to "1588" mode.</li> </ul> </div>
<b>Control Block Boost</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable/disable control block boost option</li> <li>Control Block Boost improves link availability in the most difficult propagation and interference conditions due to the radio frame with control information transfer at duplicate transmit power</li> </ul>
<b>Radio Frontend</b>	
<b>Downlink Center Frequency, MHz</b>  (5 GHz units)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the frequency in MHz at which data will be transmitted</li> <li>The frequency selection is automatically blocked when "Instant DFS" and "Automatic frequency selection" options are enabled</li> </ul>
<b>Uplink Center Frequency, MHz</b>  (5 GHz units)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the frequency in MHz at which data will be received</li> <li>The frequency selection is automatically blocked when "Instant DFS" and "Automatic frequency selection" options are enabled</li> </ul>
<b>Center Frequency, MHz</b>  (6 GHz units)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the center frequency</li> </ul>
<b>Maximal Transmit Power (dBm)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the transmit power level (in dBm). The value range is 0...27 dBm in increments of 1 dBm</li> </ul>
<b>Instant DFS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable/disable Instant DFS option</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="279 1473 1457 1592">  <b>NOTE</b>            The "Instant DFS" option is only available for the InfiLINK XG family 5 GHz devices.         </div>
<b>Automatic Frequency Change Timeout (s)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not available in case of Instant DFS option disabled</li> </ul>


<b>Automatic Frequency Selection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Selects the frequency when link is establishing, unlike the "Instant DFS" option, which scans the medium when data are already transmitted through the link             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Is chosen automatically when the "Instant DFS" option is enabled. If the initial frequency selection is not required (link is already established), disable this function in order to prevent the radio disconnection.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <div>  <b>NOTE</b>            The "Automatic Frequency Selection" option is NOT available for the InfiLINK XG 1000 family devices.         </div>
<b>Automatic Modulation and Transmit Power Control</b>	
<b>AMC Strategy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to select the AMC algorithm strategy:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"conservative" assumes using higher CINR thresholds in order to minimize the error rate</li> <li>"aggressive" lowers the thresholds in order to use higher modulation levels and thus increase the throughput</li> <li>"normal" represents a balance between the error rate and throughput values</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Maximal MCS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Allows you to configure the maximum MCS that can be used:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QPSK 1/2</li> <li>QPSK 3/4</li> <li>QAM16 1/2</li> <li>QAM16 3/4</li> <li>QAM64 4/6</li> <li>QAM64 5/6</li> <li>QAM256 6/8</li> <li>QAM256 7/8</li> <li>QAM256 30/32</li> <li>QAM1024 8/10</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Automatic Transmit Power Control</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ATPC Master             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The master unit manages the transmit power of the remote unit in order to achieve the target RSSI value of its own receiver</li> </ul> </li> <li>ATPC Slave             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The slave unit corrects the transmit power of its own transmitter according to the master unit directions</li> </ul> </li> <li>In general "ATPC Master" and "ATPC Slave" are not related to the "master" and "slave" parameters. The same unit can be as "ATPC Master" and "ATPC Slave"</li> </ul>
<b>Target RSSI (dBm)</b>	<p>The RSSI target value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The RSSI value of the master tries to engage the target range, the center value of which is the "Target RSSI"</li> <li>Practical range: from -20 to -70 dBm (the actual: from -40 to -70 dBm)</li> </ul>

Table - Radio settings



NOTE

For the **InfiLINK XG 1000** family models the following parameters can be configured for both radio modules:

- DL Center Frequency
- UL Center Frequency.

The minimum required guard interval between center frequencies of "Carrier 0" (the first radio module) and "Carrier 1" (the second radio module) should be:

- 20 MHz - for 10 MHz channel width
- 40 MHz - for 20 MHz channel width
- 80 MHz - for 40 MHz channel width.

Radio Settings

General

Node Type:

Link ID:

Traffic Prioritization: ☒

Security Key:

Radio Frontend

Maximal Transmit Power (dBm):

Automatic Frequency Selection: ☐

Carrier 0	Carrier 1
DL Center Frequency (MHz): <input type="text" value="5000"/>	DL Center Frequency (MHz): <input type="text" value="5400"/>
UL Center Frequency (MHz): <input type="text" value="5000"/>	UL Center Frequency (MHz): <input type="text" value="5400"/>

Air Frame

Channel Width (MHz):

Frame Period (ms):

Max Distance (km):

Downlink Quota (%):

TDD Synchronization:

Short Cyclic Prefix: ☒

Control Block Boost: ☐

Automatic Modulation and Transmit Power Control

AMC Strategy:

Maximal MCS:

Automatic Transmit Power Control: ☒

Target RSSI (dBm):

Figure - InfiLINK XG 1000 Radio Settings section



CAUTION

Setting the source of synchronization takes effect only for the Master unit.



CAUTION

Make sure that the built-in GNSS receiver is set up before enabling the "gnss" option (use "gps" command to check the status - it is recommended to use values of "HDOP" parameter up to 1.5 for reliable global timing synchronization).





CAUTION

Please note that the following settings must be equal for "master" and "slave" unit to establish the radio link:

- Center Frequency
- Channel Width
- Frame Period
- Short Cyclic Prefix
- Link ID



NOTE

In order to export and apply option marked  to the other side of the link check the box "Export settings marked  to the other unit" and click the "Apply" button.



NOTE

Safety apply settings mode is activated by default on devices. Mode principle of work is detailed described in the document "[Safety apply settings in InfiLINK XG / InfiLINK XG 1000](#)".

Frequency Channel Grid

The licensed frequencies range per each bandwidth is displayed in the "Default Channel Grids" fields:

- For 10 MHz bandwidth: value range between 6295...6405 MHz in increments of 10 MHz
- For 20 MHz bandwidth: value range between 6300...6400 MHz in increments of 20 MHz
- For 40 MHz bandwidth: value range between 6300...6400 MHz in increments of 20 MHz

Channel Width	Default Channel Grids	Customer Channel Grid
10MHz	6295-6405/10	6295-6405/10
20MHz	6300-6400/20	6300-6400/20
40MHz	6300-6400/20	6300-6400/20

Figure - Default Channel Grids

Changes to these default values can be performed in the "Customer Channel Grid" fields, where you can:

- Limit the licensed frequencies range per each bandwidth
- Change the center frequency step (for example, 6295-6405/2.5 means that the step between the center frequencies from 6295 MHz and 6405 MHz is 2.5 MHz):

Radio Frontend (Carrier 0)

Center Frequency, MHz:

6300

Channel Width (MHz):

6295

Short Cyclic Prefix:

6300

Transmit Power (dBm):

23

Control Block Boost:

☐

Channel Grids

6302.5

6305

6307.5

6310

6312.5

6315

6317.5

6320

6322.5

6325

6327.5

6330

6332.5

6335

6337.5

6340

6342.5

6295-6405/2.5

6300-6400/20

6300-6400/20

Figure - Customer Channel Grid

## Title

The step must be  $\geq 1$  MHz and the frequencies range (determined by the license) cannot be exceeded.