

Link Pre-configuration in the lab



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Usually, before going into the field, it is recommended to pre-configure in the lab the Infinet Wireless units to verify the link establishment. Take the units out of the package and place them on the table.



NOTE

A minimum set of requirements must be met during devices pre-configuration in the lab:

- Make sure that devices are positioned in such a way so that they are not directed right at each other to prevent device damage.
- In case of connectorized model configuration, it is recommended to connect the two devices in the link directly, with RF cables and RF attenuators with attenuation of at least 40 dB for each polarization (installation\deinstallation of the RF attenuators and RF cables should only be performed when the devices are switched off).
- In case an external antenna or the other unit in the link is connected to only one N-type connector do not switch on the unit.

Step 1: Scheme connection assembling

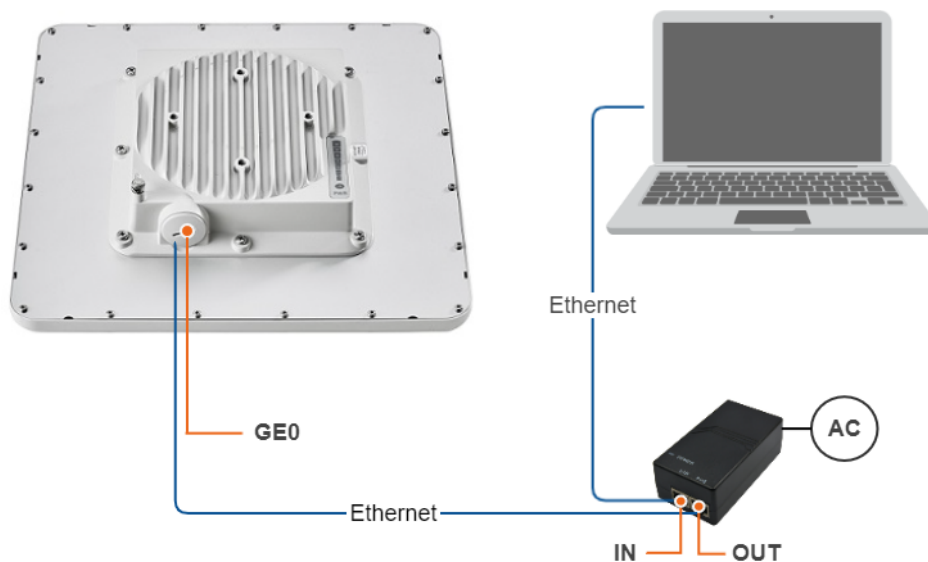
The equipment list required for the lab configuration:

1. Outdoor units - 2 pcs.
2. Power supply - 2 pcs.
3. Power cord - 2 pcs.
4. Ethernet cables - 4 pcs.
5. Laptop with Ethernet port available.

We will perform the settings mentioned below for each unit and check if the wireless link was established correctly.

Use the following instruction to assemble a test scheme:

1. Connect Gigabit Ethernet port at the ODU to the power supply port labeled as "OUT".
2. Connect Ethernet port at the laptop to the power supply port labeled as "IN".
3. Connect the power cord to power supply and plug it to AC mains.



Step 2: Access to the device

Title

Let's access each unit to the default IP address 10.10.10.1 with mask 255.255.255.0 via a web browser. Before, make sure the Ethernet port of the Laptop has an IP address assigned from the same subnetwork as the one for the unit (e.g., set 10.10.10.10 with mask 255.255.255.0).



NOTE

We assume that each unit used in this setup has not been configured before and runs with the factory settings.

Use any letters or numbers for the initial authentication on each unit, for example:

- Login: login.
- Password: password.



NOTE

We strongly recommend to change your login and password after the first login.

After the first login, let's configure a distinctive name for each unit and set a custom login and password. Go to the Basic Settings section, then to System Settings and configure::

- Device Name (e.g., Master/Slave).
- User Name (e.g., admin).
- Password (e.g., admin).

▼ System Settings

Device Name:	<input type="text" value="Master"/>	Start SNTP:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Use GNSS time:	<input type="checkbox"/>	SNTP Server:	<input type="checkbox"/>			
User Name:	<input type="text" value="admin"/>	SNTP IP Address:	<input type="text"/>	.	<input type="text"/>	.	<input type="text"/>	.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="X"/>
Password:	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	Time Zone:	<input type="text"/>							
Confirm Password:	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	Latitude:	<input type="text"/>							
Keep current system password:	<input type="checkbox"/>	Longitude:	<input type="text"/>							
WEB Interface language:	<input type="text" value="English"/>	Enable GNSS Receiver:	<input type="checkbox"/>							
HTTPS only:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="button" value="Open Map"/>								



NOTE

At the next login set up login and password to access the unit in the privileged mode.

Step 3: Management IP change

Let's change the management IP of each unit. Go to the "Basic Settings" section, then to Network Settings and change the default IP address of the 'svi' interface which is a logical interface used for remote management access in MINT switching mode (MINT switching mode is enabled by default).

Network settings for Master:

Title

▼ Network Settings

▶ eth0	10.10.20.11	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: <input type="text"/>	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	Mode: <input type="text" value="auto"/>
▶ eth1	<input type="text"/>	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: <input type="text"/>	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	Mode: <input type="text" value="auto"/>
▶ rf6.0	<input type="text"/>	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: <input type="text"/>	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	
▼ svi1	10.10.10.11	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: L2 Management Interface	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch group: <input type="text" value="1"/>

Remove Interface

Create PRF>Create VLAN>Create LAG>Create SVI>Create Tunnel>Create Tap

Network settings for Slave:

▼ Network Settings

▶ eth0	10.10.20.12	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: <input type="text"/>	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	Mode: <input type="text" value="auto"/>
▶ rf6.0	<input type="text"/>	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: <input type="text"/>	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	
▼ svi1	10.10.10.12	Up: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Description: L2 Management Interface	DHCP: <input type="checkbox"/>	Switch group: <input type="text" value="4"/>

Remove Interface

Create PRF>Create VLAN>Create LAG>Create SVI>Create Tunnel>Create Tap

Step 4: Software upgrade

Let's upgrade each unit to the latest stable firmware version. Go to the Maintenance section and click on the "Check Latest Release" button. In case a new software version is available, click on the "Upgrade Firmware" to initiate the firmware upgrade process. Before, make sure the laptop which is connected to the unit has an Internet connection, too. Otherwise, the manual firmware upgrade process should be performed.

[Device Status](#)[Basic Settings](#)[Maintenance](#)

Firmware

Firmware Version: E5000 H16S22-TDMAv0.3.0-81
Build Date: Jan 12 2021 17:31:39
Serial Number: 337426
Part Number: E5-BSE/05700
Platform: Processor: Marvell Armada 38x 88F6820 (Rev.10). 1600 MHz
Uptime: 2 days 01:49:42
Last Reboot Reason: firmware upgrade

[Check Latest Release](#)[Check Latest Beta](#)[Hide Update](#)

[Upgrade Firmware](#)[Save New Firmware](#)

New version of the firmware is available 2.2.2

WANFlex MINT TDMA Firmware (Beta Version)

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01.01.21 V2.2.2

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SYSTEM

1. System optimization, bug fixes. Extended diagnostics added.

Step 5: Radio parameters configuration

Let's configure the minimum needed radio parameters to establish the link.

At the unit named Master at step #3 above, go to the "Basic Settings" section, then to "Link Settings" and set this unit with:

- Type: Master.
- Tx Power: e.g., -5 dBm (set the minimum value in the range, as currently, we are in the lab, and we don't need high output power anymore).
- Node Name: e.g., Master (it is the same as the value set at Device Name if this was saved before).
- Mode: 802.11ac (if compatibility with InfiLINK 2x2 / InfiMAN 2x2 families devices is not required).
- Channel Width: e.g., 80 MHz.
- Frequency: e.g., 6020 MHz.
- Frame size: e.g., 5 ms.

The rest of parameters remain with the default values.

▼ Link Settings

▼ rf6.0

General Settings

Enable Link: ☒

Type: Master

Mode: Fixed

Max Links:

Frame Size (ms): 5 Auto: ☒ Turbo: ☒

DL/UL ratio (%): Max Range (Km): 70

STA RSSI (dBm): -40

DFS: DFS Off

Tx Power (dBm): -5 Auto: ☒ - 0 +

Node Name: Master

Scrambling: ☐

Trap gateway: ☐

Switch Border: ☐

Network Entry SNR (dB): Low 0 High 4

RX Attenuation (dB):

Multicast Mode: Unicast 3

Authentication Mode: public

ODR: Disabled

OTA: Passive

Log Level: normal

Add Profile

Current Settings

Mode: 802.11ac

Channel Width (MHz): 80

Frequency (MHz): 6020

Tx Bitrate (Kbps): Max Auto: ☒ - 0 +

Channel Type: Dual

Network SID: 10101010

Node ID: 37426

Security Key:

At the unit named Slave at step #3 above, go to the Basic Settings section, then to Link Settings and set this unit with:

- Type: Slave.
- Tx Power: e.g., 0 dBm (set the minimum value in the range, as currently, we are in the lab, and we don't need high output power anymore).
- Node Name: e.g., Slave (it is the same as the value set at Device Name if this was saved before).
- Channel Width: e.g., 80 MHz.
- Frequency: e.g., 6020 MHz.

The rest of parameters remain with the default values.

▼ Link Settings

▼ rf6.0

General Settings

Enable Link: ☒

Type: Slave

MultiBS: ☐

Mode: Fixed

VBR: ☐

Tx Power (dBm): 0

Auto: ☒

- 0 +

Node Name: Slave

Scrambling: ☐

Trap gateway: ☐

Switch Border: ☐

Network Entry SNR (dB): Low 0 High 4

RX Attenuation (dB):

Multicast Mode: Unicast 3

Authentication Mode: public

ODR: Disabled

OTA: Passive

Log Level: normal

Add Profile

1

Disable profile: ☐

Channel Width (MHz): 80

Frequency (MHz): 6020

Frequency Range List:

Tx Bitrate (Kbps): Max Auto: ☒ - 0 +

Channel Type: Dual

Network SID: 10101010

Node ID: 35531

Security Key:

Copy Remove

Step 6: Check the wireless link status

Let's apply all settings described above for each unit and after login let's go to the Device Status section, and check the link establishment at Link Statistics.

Master Link Statistics:

Links Statistics on rf6.0 (BSE ID: 37426) Links: 2 real, 1 join

Noise: -96 dBm ATPC: On Autobitrate: On TDMA: Master (Frame:5 ms DL/UL: Auto RSSI: -40 Max Range: 70 km) RX/TX Capacity: 200/209 Mbps

Status	MAC Address	Name	ID ▼	Distance (Km)	Tx Power (dBm) Rx/Tx	RSSI (dBm) Rx/Tx	SNR (dB) Rx/Tx	EVM (dB) Rx/Tx	Bitrate Rx/Tx	Retries (%) Rx/Tx	Load (Kbps) Rx/Tx	Load (pps) Rx/Tx
1 day	000435151eab	Slave	35531	0.46	12 / 12	-47 / -53	48 / 41	-20 / -23	585 / 585	0 / 0	15 / 2	2 / 0

Hint: Click on link data to invoke Extended Link Diagnostics menu

Route Map Graphs

Slave Link Statistics:

Links Statistics on rf6.0 (ST1 ID: 35531) Links: 1

Noise: -96 dBm ATPC: On Autobitrate: On TDMA: Slave RX/TX Capacity: 235/212 Mbps

Status	MAC Address	Name	ID ▼	Distance (Km)	Tx Power (dBm) Rx/Tx	RSSI (dBm) Rx/Tx	SNR (dB) Rx/Tx	EVM (dB) Rx/Tx	Bitrate Rx/Tx	Retries (%) Rx/Tx	Load (Kbps) Rx/Tx	Load (pps) Rx/Tx
1 day	000435252612	Master	37426	0.46	12 / 12	-52 / -47	42 / 48	-24 / -20	585 / 585	0 / 0	6 / 6	4 / 1

Hint: Click on link data to invoke Extended Link Diagnostics menu

Route Map Graphs